

chapter. Reference to it will explain the abbreviation of the names of books found in the foot-notes.

For correct pronunciation students should note that the following scheme has been adopted for representing Sanskrit sounds in English :

अ = अ = a, आ = आ = ā, इ = ऐ = i, ई = औ = i, उ = उ = u,
 ऋ = ऌ = ū, ए = ए = e, ए = औ = ai, ओ = ओ = o,
 औ = औ = au.

क = क = k, ख = ख = kh, ग = ग = g, घ = घ = gb, ङ = ङ = ṅ,
 च = च = c, छ = छ = ch, ज = ज = j, झ = झ = jh, ञ = ञ = ṇ,
 ट = ट = t, ठ = ठ = th, ड = ड = d, ढ = ढ = dh, ण = ण = ṇ,
 त = त = t, थ = थ = th, द = द = d, ध = ध = dh, न = न = n,
 प = प = p, फ = फ = ph, ब = ब = b, भ = भ = bh, म = म = m,
 य = य = y, र = र = r, ल = ल = l, व = व = v, श = श = ś,
 ष = ष = ṣ, स = स = s, ह = ह = h, ऋ = ऋ = ṛ, ऌ = ऌ = ṛ,
 ङ = ङ = ṅ, ञ = ञ = ṇ, ः = ः = ḥ, ः = ः = h.